

SECTION 1: SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE IDENTIFICATION AND MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product identification

ANTI-CORROSIVE EPOXY PPRIMER 1:1

UFI:

4MU0-U0WX-000S-V1DH GREY

HQU0-C0MA-A008-JCYK GRAPHITE

DTU0-V09Q-M00R-6QJN BLACK

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Epoxy primer (component A) to be applied with a spray gun. For professional use in car refinishing.

1.3 Data of the safety data sheet supplier

Przedsiębiorstwo RANAL Sp. z o.o.

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1.4. Emergency telephone

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture was classified as hazardous according to the regulations in force - see section 15 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Classification 1272/2008/EC*:

Flammable liquids, category 2, H225

Skin corrosion/irritation, category 2, H315

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, category 1, H318

Skin sensitization, category 1, H317

Carcinogenicity, category 2, H351

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic hazard, category 3, H412

Full text of H and EUH phrases: see section 16.

Adverse effects related to physicochemical properties, effects on human health and the environment: No further data available.

2.2. Label elements

Contains:

Butyl alcohol; isobutyl methyl ketone.*

Pictograms:



GHS02

GHS07

GHS05

GHS08

Signal word: **DANGER.**

Hazard statements (CLP):

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. *

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

Precautionary statements (CLP):

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Do not breathe vapours/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.*

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305 +351 +338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

EUH phrases*:

EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may form if sprayed. Do not breathe spray or vapour.*

EUH205 - Contains epoxy components. May cause an allergic reaction.*

2.3 Other hazards

Does not contain PBT/vPvB substances $\geq 0.1\%$ assessed in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH.*

The mixture does not contain any substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Art. 59 sec. 1 of the REACH Regulation due to endocrine disrupting properties or is not identified as endocrine disrupting in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.*

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identification	%	Classification according to the regulation (EC) no 1272/2008[CLP]
Reaction product: bisphenol A with epichlorohydrin; Epoxy resin (molecular weight ≤ 700) *	EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6 Index no: 603-074-00-8 Registration no: 01-2119456619-26-XXXX	14-23*	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411.
Xylene the substance has an occupational exposure limit(s) (PL); substance with a Community-wide occupational exposure limit value * (Note C)	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index no: 601-022-00-9 Registration no: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	10-20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation*), H332; Acute Tox. 4 (Skin*), H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315.
Titanium dioxide* ; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$] the substance has an occupational exposure limit(s) (PL)* (Note V)(Note W)(Note 10)	EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index no: 022-006-00-2 Registration no: 01-2119489379-17	< 13 *	Carc. 2*, H351 *
Methyl isobutyl ketone the substance has an occupational exposure limit(s) (PL); substance with a Community-wide occupational exposure limit value *	EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index no: 606-004-00-4 Registration no: 01-2119473980-30-XXXX	4-8*	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation*), H332; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Carc. 2*, H351*; STOT SE 3, H335.
Butyl alcohol The substance has an occupational exposure limit(s) (PL)*	EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index no: 603-004-00-6 Registration no: 01-2119484630-38-XXXX	2-4.5*	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4 (Oral*), H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT SE 3, H336;

*

Note 10: The classification as an inhalation carcinogen applies only to mixtures in the form of a powder containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide in the form of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ or incorporated in such particles.

Note C: Some organic substances are placed on the market as a specific isomer or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case, the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

Note V: If the substance is to be placed on the market as fibers (diameter < $3 \mu\text{m}$, length > $5 \mu\text{m}$, aspect ratio $\geq 3:1$) or as particles of the substance meeting the WHO criteria for fibers or as particles with modified surface chemistry, their hazardous properties should be assessed in accordance with Title II of this Regulation to assess whether a higher category should be applied (Carc. 1B or 1A) and/or additional routes of exposure (oral or dermal).

Note W: A carcinogenic risk associated with this substance has been observed to occur when respirable dust is inhaled in amounts that severely impair the natural mechanisms for clearing particles from the lungs. This note is a description of the specific type of toxicity of the substance, not a criterion for classification under this Regulation.

Full text of hazard statements provided in section 16 of the Sheet.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information: See section 11 of the Material Safety Data Sheet.

Airways: If difficulties in breathing occur, remove the victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.*

Skin: In case of skin contamination, immediately remove all contaminated clothing and wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Rinse skin with water/or shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation persists, consult a doctor.*

Eyes: Immediately wash with plenty of water for about 15 minutes, avoid strong stream of water - danger of cornea damage. Consult a doctor.

Alimentary tract:

IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a doctor.*

First aiders should wear medical gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms both acute and delayed

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

May cause eye irritation.*

4.3. Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing powder, foam resistant to alcohol, carbon dioxide, water mist.
Do not use strong jets of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire: carbon monoxide, other toxic gases.*

5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Protection during firefighting:

Do not intervene without appropriate protective equipment. Self-contained, breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.*

SEKCJA 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency measures

For personnel non taking part in emergency procedures:

Eliminate ignition sources. Provide sufficient ventilation of the room. Avoid direct and indirect* contact with the released substance*. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Personal protection measures – see section 8 of the Sheet.

For personnel taking part in emergency procedures:

Do not intervene without appropriate protective equipment. See section 8.*

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent from entering surface water and sewage system. Do not allow the product to enter groundwater, water reservoirs or sewage systems, even in small quantities.*

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover the spilled product with a non-combustible material such as sand, earth, vermiculite. Collect the product mechanically.*

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal protection measures – see section 8 of the Sheet. Disposal considerations – see section 13 of the Sheet.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE OF SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling*:

Provide good ventilation of the workplace. Keep away from heat sources, hot surfaces, sources of sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear personal protection measures.

Hygiene recommendations*:

Wash contaminated clothes before using them again. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink and smoke when using the product. Wash hands after each contact with the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures*: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions*: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

7.3. Special end use (s)

No further data available.*

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION MEASURES

8.1. Control parameters

National values of the highest permissible concentrations in the work environment and biological limit values*:

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers, pure
IOEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
IOEL STEL	442 mg/m ³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	100 ppm

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Warning	Skin
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC
Poland- The highest permissible concentration at the workplace	
Local name	Xylene mixture of isomers: 1,2-; 1,3-; 1,4-
NDS (OEL TWA)	100 mg/m ³
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	200 mg/m ³
Regulatory reference	Official Journal 2018 item 1286
butyl alcohol 71-36-3	
Poland- The highest permissible concentration at the workplace	
Local name	Butan-1-ol (n-butyl alcohol)
NDS (OEL TWA)	50 mg/m ³
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	150 mg/m ³
Regulatory reference	Official Journal 2018 item 1286
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	4-Methylpentan-2-one
IOEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
IOEL STEL	208 mg/m ³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	50 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC
Poland- The highest permissible concentration at the workplace	
Local name	4-Methylpentan-2-one (methylisobutylketone, hexone)
NDS (OEL TWA)	83 mg/m ³
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	200 mg/m ³
Regulatory reference	Official Journal 2018 item 1286
Titanium dioxide; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of ≤10 µm](13463-67-7)	
Poland- The highest permissible concentration at the workplace	
Local name	Titanium dioxide
NDS (OEL TWA)	10 mg/ m ³ inhalable fraction
Warning	Inhalable fraction - fraction of the aerosol penetrating through the nose and mouth, which, when deposited in the respiratory tract, poses a health risk. Simultaneous determination of concentrations of the respirable crystalline silica fraction is mandatory.
Regulatory reference	Official Journal 2018 item 1286

Monitoring method*:

EN 482. Exposure at workplaces– general requirements for the characteristics of chemical agents measurement procedures.

Air pollutants formation*:

No further data available.

DNEL/ PNEC*:

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Acute - systemic effects after inhalation	289 mg/m ³
Acute - local effects after inhalation	289 mg/m ³
Long-term - systemic effects, in contact with skin	180 mg/kg body weight /day
Long - term systemic effects after inhalation	77 mg/m ³
DNEL/ DMEL (General population)	
Acute - systemic effects after inhalation	174 mg/m ³
Acute - local effects after inhalation	174 mg/m ³
Long - term systemic effects after ingestion	1.6 mg/kg body weight /day
Long - term systemic effects after inhalation	14.8 mg/m ³
Long-term - systemic effects, in contact with skin	108 mg/kg body weight /day

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC (freshwater)	0.327 mg/l
PNEC (sea water)	0.327 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0.327 mg/l
PNEC (Sediments)	
PNEC sediments (freshwater)	12.46 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC sediments (sea water)	12.46 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC Soil	2.31 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l
butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long - term local effects after inhalation	310 mg/m ³
DNEL/ DMEL (General population)	
Long - term systemic effects after ingestion	3.125 mg/kg body weight /day
Long - term local effects after inhalation	55 mg/m ³
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC (freshwater)	0.082 mg/l
PNEC (sea water)	0.0082 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	2.25 mg/l
PNEC (Sediments)	
PNEC sediments (freshwater)	0.178 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC sediments (sea water)	0.0178 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC Soil	0.015 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC Sewage Treatment Plant	2476 mg/l
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Acute - systemic effects after inhalation	208 mg/m ³
Acute - local effects after inhalation	208 mg/m ³
Long-term - systemic effects, in contact with skin	11.8 mg/kg body weight /day
Long - term systemic effects after inhalation	83 mg/m ³
Long - term local effects after inhalation	83 mg/m ³
DNEL/ DMEL (General population)	
Acute - systemic effects after inhalation	155.2 mg/m ³
Acute - local effects after inhalation	155.2 mg/m ³
Long - term systemic effects after ingestion	4.2 mg/kg body weight /day
Long - term systemic effects after inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³
Long-term - systemic effects, in contact with skin	4.2 mg/kg body weight /day
Long - term local effects after inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC (freshwater)	0.6 mg/l
PNEC (sea water)	0.06 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1.5 mg/l
PNEC (Sediments)	
PNEC sediments (freshwater)	8.27 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC sediments (sea water)	0.83 mg/kg of dry mass

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC Soil	1.3 mg/kg of dry mass
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC Sewage Treatment Plant	27.5 mg/l

Risk management*:
No further data available.

8.2. Exposure control

Workplace:
Local extractors and general ventilation.

Symbols of personal protective equipment*:



Eyes protection:
Tight protective glasses.

Skin and body protection*:
Proper protective clothes (coated impregnated fabrics).

Hands protection:

Type	Material	Breakthrough time	Thickness (mm)	Penetration	Standards
Disposable gloves*	Viton® II	6 (> 480 minutes)	0.7 mm		EN 374-3
Disposable gloves*	Nitrile rubber (NBR)	2 (> 30 minutes)	0.4 mm		EN 374-3

Respiratory protection:
Gas mask with A1/ B1 type absorber (EN 14387).*

Thermal hazards*:
No further data available.

Environmental control
Avoid release to the environment.*

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties*

Physical state	viscous liquid
Colour	light yellow
Odour	strong, penetrating
Odour threshold	0.9-9 mg/m ³ (xylene)
Melting point	not applicable*
Freezing point	not available*
Boiling point	114-143°C
Flammability of the materials	Not applicable.*
Explosive properties	no data*
Explosion limits:	% bottom: 1.1 Vol %, top: 8.0 Vol% (xylene)
Flash point	14°C
Auto ignition point	app.440°C
Breakdown point	not available*
pH	not available*
Kinematic viscosity*	not available*
Solubility (in water)	poor*
n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Kow)	not available*
Vapour pressure	9 hPa (20°C) (xylene)
Vapour pressure at 50 °C*	not available
Density	approx. 1,5 g/cm ³ (20°C)
Relative density*	not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C*	not available
Particle characteristics*	not applicable

9.2 Other information

No data.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

The product is not reactive under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions under normal conditions of use unknown.*

10.4 Conditions to be avoided

Highly flammable product. Avoid contact with strong oxidants, peroxides, strong acids and bases. Avoid generation and accumulation of static electricity. Protect from sunlight and heat sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with large amounts of organic peroxides, strong acids and bases, as well as other strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous product shall be formed under normal conditions of storage and use. Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon monoxide. Other toxic gases.*

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on the hazard classes defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008*

Acute toxicity (oral)*: Not classified (based on available data the classification criteria are not met).

Acute toxicity (dermal)*: Not classified (based on available data the classification criteria are not met).

Acute toxicity (inhalation)*: Not classified (based on available data the classification criteria are not met).

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral, rat	3523 mg/kg (rat)
LD50 skin, rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 inhalation - rat	27124 mg/l
reaction product: bisphenol A with epichlorohydrin; epoxy resin (average molecular weight ≤ 700) (25068-38-6)	
LD50 oral, rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
LD50, skin, rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: CHEMIDPLUS
butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
LD50 oral, rat	2292 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 skin, rabbit	3430 mg/kg Source: ECHA
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
LD50 oral, rat	2080 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 skin, rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LC50 inhalation - rat (vapours)	11.6 mg/l Source: ECHA
Titanium dioxide; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of ≤10 µm](13463-67-7)	
LC50 inhalation - rat (dust/mist)	> 6.82 mg/l Source: ECHA

* current data in the table

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

reaction product: bisphenol A with epichlorohydrin; epoxy resin (average molecular weight ≤ 700) (25068-38-6)	
pH	4.5 - 4.7
Titanium dioxide; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of ≤10 µm](13463-67-7)	
pH	7 Source: ECHA

* current data in the table

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

reaction product: bisphenol A with epichlorohydrin; epoxy resin (average molecular weight ≤ 700) (25068-38-6)	
pH	4.5 - 4.7
Titanium dioxide; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of ≤10 µm](13463-67-7)	
pH	7 Source: ECHA

* current data in the table

Allergic effect on airways or skin: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenic effect on germ cells: The mixture is not classified as mutagenic. No data confirming the hazard class.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.*

Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
IARC Group	2B - May be carcinogenic to humans
Titanium dioxide; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of ≤10 µm](13463-67-7)	
IARC Group	2B - May be carcinogenic to humans

* current data in the table

Harmful effect on reproduction: The mixture is not classified as having harmful effect on reproduction. No data confirming the hazard class.

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Not classified (based on the available data the classification criteria are not met).*

butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

* current data in the table

i) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Not classified (based on the available data the classification criteria are not met).*

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	500 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	250 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	4106 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

* current data in the table

Aspiration hazard: Not classified (based on available data the classification criteria are not met).*

butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
Kinematic viscosity	3.641 mm²/s

* current data in the table

11.2 Information on other hazards*

No further data available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous for the aquatic environment, short-time (acute)*: Not classified (based on available data the classification criteria are not met).
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)*: Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.
It is not easily degradable.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustaceans [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
NOEC for chronic toxicity to fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
reaction product: bisphenol A with epichlorohydrin; epoxy resin (average molecular weight ≤ 700) (25068-38-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1.41 mg/l Source: National Institute of Technology and Evaluation
EC50 - Crustaceans [1]	≈ 2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1376 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustaceans [1]	1983 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	225 mg/l Source: ECHA
NOEC (chronic)	4.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 179 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 - Crustaceans [1]	> 200 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
Titanium dioxide; [as a powder with 1% or more of particles with an aerodynamic diameter of ≤10 µm](13463-67-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 50 mg/l Source: ECHA

* current data in the table

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

reaction product: bisphenol A with epichlorohydrin; epoxy resin (average molecular weight ≤ 700) (25068-38-6)	
n-octanol/water partition coefficient (Log Pow):	2.821 Source: National Institute of Technology and Evaluation
butyl alcohol (71-36-3)	
n-octanol/water partition coefficient (Log Pow):	0.9 Source: HSDB
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
n-octanol/water partition coefficient (Log Pow):	1.31 Source: ChemIDPlus

12.4 Mobility in soil

No further data available.*

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties*

No further data available.*

12.7 Other hazardous effects*

No further data available.*

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of according to applicable local and official waste regulations – see section 15.

Waste treatment methods*: Dispose of the contents/container as directed by an authorized sorting and collection centre.

Waste water disposal recommendations*: Do not discharge the product into the sewage system.

Product/packaging disposal recommendations*: Dispose of the product and packaging as hazardous waste. Do not dispose of with household waste. After cleaning, recycle or dispose of at an authorized facility.

Additional information*: Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

Product remains:

Waste code: 08 01 11* Waste paints and varnishes containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances. Do not discharge the product into the sewage system. Must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Remove the remains of the mixture carefully and harden with the use of the proper B component (waste) from the set. Hardened product is not a hazardous waste.

CAUTION: harden the remains in small portions away from flammable products. High amounts of heat are released during chemical reaction!

Contaminated packaging:

Packaging containing unhardened product remains is hazardous waste.




Waste code: 15 01 10*.

Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances (e.g. pesticides of I and II class of toxicity – very toxic and toxic). Must not be disposed of with municipal waste.

Contaminated container should be handed over to entities, which are authorized to collect, recover or dispose of wastes.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

According to ADR/ IMDG/ IATA:

ADR	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number or ID number		
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Description of the shipping document*:		
UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II, (D/E)	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, II (24°C c.c.)	UN 1263 Paint, 3, II
14.3. Transport hazard class (-es)		
3	3	3
		
14.4. Packaging group		
II	II	II
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous: No	Environmentally hazardous: No Marine pollutants: No	Environmentally hazardous: No
No further data available.		

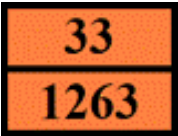
14.6. Special precautions for users

Road transport*:

Classification code (ADR): F1
Limited Quantities (ADR): 5 L
Special packing provisions (ADR): PP1
Mixed Packing Regulations (ADR): MP19

Transport category (ADR):

2



Orange Tiles:

Tunnel restriction code (ADR):

D/E

Sea transport*:

Special provisions (IMDG): 163, 367
Limited Quantities (IMDG): 5 L
Special packing provisions (IMDG): PP1
EmS number (Fire): F-E
EmS number (Spillage): S-E
Cargo Stowage Category (IMDG): B

Air transport*:

No data.

14.7. Sea transport in bulk in accordance with IMO instruments*

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislations specific for the substance or mixture

EU Provisions*:

Annex XVII to the REACH Regulation (restriction conditions): It does not contain substances listed in Annex XVII to the REACH Regulation (restriction conditions).
Annex XIV to the REACH Regulation (List of Authorizations): It does not contain substances listed in Annex XIV to the REACH Regulation (List of Authorizations)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC): Contains no substances listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (EU 649/2012, Prior Informed Consent): It does not contain substances listed on the PIC list (EU Regulation 649/2012 on the export and import of dangerous chemicals)
POP Regulation (EU 2019/1021, Persistent Organic Pollutants): It does not contain substances listed on the POP list (EU Regulation 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)
Ozone Depletion Regulation (EU 1005/2009): Contains no substances listed on the ozone depleting list (EU Regulation 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)
Explosives Precursors Regulation (EU 2019/1148): It does not contain substances listed on the list of explosives precursors (EU Regulation 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)
Drug Precursors Regulation (EC 273/2004): It does not contain any substance(s) listed on the list of drug precursors (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and marketing of certain substances used for the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

National regulations– Poland:

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.
- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 *
- ADR Agreement: Government Statement of February 18, 2021 on the entry into force of amendments to Annexes A and B of the European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), drawn up in Geneva on September 30, 1957. (Journal of Laws of 2019, , item 874).*

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Not performed.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Explanation of abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADN	European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE:	Estimated acute toxicity
BCF	BCF bioconcentration factor
BLV	Quantitative limit value
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived level causing minimal changes
DNEL	Derived no effect level of
EC number:	European Community number
EC50	Medium effective concentration
EN	European standard
IARC:	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
LC50	The concentration of the substance causing the death of 50% of the population of test organisms
LD50	The Dose causing the death of 50% of the population of test organisms
LOAEL	The lowest level at which harmful changes are observed
NOAEC	Concentration at which no adverse effects are observed
NOAEC	Dose level at which no adverse effects are observed
NOEC	Maximum Concentration at which no adverse effects are observed
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
OEL	Occupational exposure limit value
PBT	substance, which is Persistent, Bio-accumulative and toxic
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration
RID	Regulations the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical Oxygen Demand (ThOD)
TLM	Middle tolerance limit

Explanation of abbreviations and acronyms:

VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS number:	CAS number:
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bio-accumulative
ED	Endocrine disrupting properties

Other data sources:
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
TOXNET Toxicology Data Network

Directions for training*:
Use in accordance with health and safety rules and safety procedures.

Full text of H and EUH phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity - ingestion- Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Skin)	Acute toxicity - (skin), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (after inhalation), category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, category 2
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
EUH205	Contains epoxy components. May cause an allergic reaction.
EUH211	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may form if sprayed. Do not breathe spray or vapour.
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, narcotic effect

Classification and procedure used to determine the classification of mixtures according to the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008[CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2	H225	Based on research results
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2	H351	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

The information provided is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. Therefore, they should not be understood as a guarantee of any specific product properties.

Changes in the Sheet:

Update of sections:

11: rewording of sub-section 11.1: Information on the hazard classes defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

12: new subsection 12.6: Endocrine disrupting properties.

14: rewording of sub-section 14.7: Sea transport in bulk in accordance with IMO instruments.

Changes in the content of sections:

1.1, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 3.2, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 8.1, 8.2, 9.1, 10.3, 10.6, 11.1, 11.2, 12.1, 12.4, 12.6, 12.7, 13.1, 14.2, 14.6, 14.7, 15.1, 16.

General update.

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